**Unit 7 Will people have robots?**

**Listening test part (略)**

**Written test part (共95分)**

**Ⅴ. 单项选择（每小题1分，共15分）**

从A、B、C、D四个选项中选择可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

(    )21. I only saw her once \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my stay in Beijing.

A. by            B. of      C. between D. during

(    )22. Nick \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ told his father all about it. He usually tells him everything.

A. comfortably   B. probably C. hardly         D. easily

(    )23. Be careful! Those cars are moving fast. It’s too \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to cross the street now.

A. dangerous     B. meaningless C. creative       D. interesting

(    )24. My mother bought a birthday cake for me. It’s in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of a train.

A. heart B. time    C. shape  D. middle

(    )25. Last week \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of people came to the town to watch the boat race and two \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of them were students.

A. hundreds; hundred    B. hundred; hundreds

C. hundreds; hundreds   D. hundred; hundred

(    )26. —Helen came to work in a long dress today.

—Really? I can’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it. She really dislikes dresses.

A. decide        B. believe       C. choose           D. see

(    )27. Look! There are some children \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ kites in the park. They’re having a good time.

A. fly    B. to fly      C. flew        D. flying

(    )28. Let’s go and have a drink. We have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ time before the train leaves.

A. a few B. few  C. a little       D. little

(    )29. Jack learned to ride a bike yesterday and he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the bike again and again.

A. got up         B. woke up C. fell down       D. sat down

(    )30. Peter lost his pet dog. Now he is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it with his parents in the neighborhood.

A. shouting at     B. waiting for C. looking at    D. looking for

(    )31. —Did you call Rick?

—Oh no, I forgot. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him later.

A. call          B. don’t call C. will call         D. won’t call

(    )32. I am really interested in your story. Please tell me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. more  B. less  C. much        D. little

(    )33. —There \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a chess competition next week.

—Really? Let’s go and watch it.

A. had          B. were C. will be           D. will have

(    )34. —\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ will the future \_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

—I think everything will be free.

A. What; like    B. What; be like C. How; like       D. How; be like

(    )35. —Will Sam get good grades in the tests?

—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. He worked really hard this term.

A. Not really     B. I hope so C. I’m not sure  D. That’s right

**Ⅵ. 完形填空（每小题1分，共10分）**

先通读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从A、B、C、D四个选项中选择可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

Robots often appear in science fiction (科幻小说). The robots in these stories can often think, listen, talk and  36  easily on two legs.

 37  real robots are becoming more and more complex (复杂的), they are still not like fictional robots. In real life, robots come in different shapes and  38 . They can be tall, short, thin or fat. Some robots have long legs and are able to walk. Others move on wheels (轮子). They can be very  39  or they can be very complex.

Many robots look like humans and some of them can  40  speak, but they are very different from us in lots of  41 . They cannot see, hear or think by themselves. They cannot laugh or cry because they have no feelings (情感). Someone has to  42  them and decide what things they will be able to do.

Robots make our lives easier. They don’t  43  doing dirty or difficult jobs, and can work for long hours without (不) getting tired or bored. Some robots work in very dangerous places — under the sea or  44  space.

Scientists are making better robots all the time. One day probably every  45  will have its own robot to tidy bedrooms, do the dishes or do anything you tell it to do! Do you believe so?

(    )36. A. walk B. paint C. sleep D. fight

(    )37. A. If B. Because C. Although D. Before

(    )38. A. ages B. shows C. sizes D. grades

(    )39. A. simple B. famous C. heavy D. expensive

(    )40. A. once B. only C. never D. even

(    )41. A. ways B. ideas C. results D. places

(    )42. A. reach B. share C. build D. believe

(    )43. A. practice B. forget C. finish D. mind

(    )44. A. on B. at C. in D. by

(    )45. A. school B. home C. library D. hospital

**Ⅶ. 情景交际（每小题1分，共5分）**

根据对话内容，从方框中选择恰当的选项补全对话，其中有两项多余。

A: Hi, Mike. What did you do last night?

B: I discussed the future life with my friends.

A: Really? (46)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B: Yes, I do. Robots will do all the heavy and difficult jobs, and we’ll only do light and easy work. Working hours will be short, too.

A: Great! (47)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B: We won’t travel (旅行) by bus or train anymore. Every family will have a small plane. It will be cheap to travel everywhere by plane.

A: That sounds interesting. (48)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B: Clothes made of new materials (材料). They will get warm when we are cold, and cool when we are hot.

A: Wonderful! (49)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B: Yes, that’s right.

A: (50)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B: On other planets. There will be too many people in the future and the earth will become too crowded, so humans will have to leave the earth and find other planets to live.

|  |
| --- |
| A. How do you think we will travel?  B. How long will humans live in the future?  C. What clothes do you think we will wear?  D. Where do you think humans will live in 2100?  E. What will humans have for dinner in the future?  F. We will never worry about being too hot or too cold.  G. Do you think we will have long holidays in the future? |

**Ⅷ. 阅读理解（每小题2分，共20分）**

**[A]**

**Dear Students**

Welcome to St. Luke’s School. Here is some useful information about your new school. Read it carefully.

**Times of the School Day**

Students should not arrive at school before 8:00 a.m. On school days school closes at 5:00 p.m. Students must leave before 4:00 p.m.

**Uniform**

Students must wear the school uniform.

—White shirt (男式衬衫) (boys), blue blouse (女式衬衫) (girls);

—black trousers (boys), white skirt (girls);

—white socks (boys), blue socks (girls);

—black shoes.

**School Lunches**

We have a popular dining hall. There are hot and cold meals. For a good meal you need to spend about £1.85. If you bring lunch from home, you can eat it there. Students mustn’t leave the school at lunch time.

**Library**

The library is open (开放) Monday to Friday from 9:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. and from 1:30 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. for students, teachers and parents.

**Absence** (缺席)**From School**

When a child can’t come to school, we ask parents to call the school on the first day of absence. When the student comes back to school, he  / she should bring a letter (信) from their parents to say the reason for their absence.

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

(    )51. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for girls are the same color.

A. Blouses and skirts     B. Skirts and shoes

C. Socks and shoes D. Blouses and socks

(    )52. What does the underlined word “there” refer to?

A. At home.       B. At school.

C. In the library.         D. In the dining hall.

(    )53. The library opens \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ after school opens.

A. half an hour         B. an hour

C. one and a half hours  D. two hours

(    )54. If students can’t come to school, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. they should call the school

B. their parents should call the school

C. they should write an e-mail to the teacher

D. their parents should write an e-mail to the teacher

(    )55. Which of the following is **TRUE**?

A. Parents can go to the school library.

B. Students can go home at lunchtime.

C. Students need to pay at least £1.85 for lunch at school.

D. The school library is open for seven hours on school days.

**[B]**

Jake, Emily, Daniel, and Kari were in Mr. Miller’s music class. They lived in the same neighborhood, and went to the same school. When they were walking home from school one day, Jake had a good idea.

“You know,” Jake said, “the four of us are all good musicians, and I think we’d sound great together. What do you think about starting our own band (乐队)?”

“Good idea,” said Kari. “I want to play the guitar.”

“Well, Kari, you sing best. You should be the singer. Let me play the guitar. That’s the only musical instrument (乐器) I can play,” said Jake. “Emily, you play the violin, and Daniel, you play the drums, OK?”

“It’s what we do best,” agreed Emily and Daniel.

“We will need a place to rehearse. We can use my garage (车库),” said Jake. “But we need to stop playing before 7:00 p.m., because my next-door neighbors (隔壁邻居) have a baby. They stop watching TV after the evening news so the baby will go to sleep, and our music would wake her up. Everyone has to promise to be on time — Wednesdays and Fridays from 4:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m., all right?”

“But my mom gets home from work at 6:00 p.m., and we have dinner at about 6:30 p.m.,” said Kari.

“OK, how about Wednesdays and Fridays from 4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m.?” said Jake.

Everyone agreed on the time and went home happily.

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

(    )56. Who had the idea of starting a band?

A. Kari.  B. Jake.   C. Emily.      D. Daniel.

(    )57. What would Emily do in the band?

A. She’d sing. B. She’d play the guitar.

C. She’d play the violin.      D. She’d play the drums.

(    )58. What does the underlined word “rehearse” in Paragraph 6 mean in Chinese?

A. 庆祝  B. 表演  C. 竞争  D. 排练

(    )59. Kari didn’t agree to practice from 4:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m. because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. she had dinner at about 6:30 p.m.

B. she took music classes at 6:00 p.m.

C. she helped her neighbors at 6:30 p.m.

D. she watched the news on TV at 6:00 p.m.

(    )60. What’s the best title for the passage?

A. Good neighbors B. Starting a band

C. Great young musicians D. Studying under Mr. Miller

**Ⅸ. 词汇运用（每小题1分，共10分）**  
A)     根据句意，从方框中选择恰当的单词填空, 注意形式变化。

|  |
| --- |
| build, word, already, sea, agree |

61. Tell me what happened in your own \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

62. All rivers run into the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

63. They say Class 2 will win the game, but Susan \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

64. It was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ dark when we arrived at the hotel.

65. They are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ new houses by the river.

B) 根据句意及所给首字母提示，补全所缺单词。

66. With hard work, anything is p              .

67. People all over the world love p               and hate war (战争).

68. Andy runs fast, but Bob runs e               faster.

69. You must write on both s               of the paper.

70. After working outside in the snow all afternoon, Wendy wanted to go i\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and drink something hot.

**Ⅹ. 完成句子（每小题2分，共10分）**

根据汉语意思，完成英语句子，每空一词。

71. 健康教育将在指导我们迎接老龄方面发挥作用。

Health education will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ preparing us for old age.

72. 在这篇文章里，他多次使用同一个动词。

In this article he used the same verb \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

73. 我六年前搬到了这个城市。

I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ this city six years ago.

74. 有些人会活到120岁。

Some people will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 120 years old.

75. 通过改变我们的生活习惯，我们能够拯救地球。

We will be able to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by changing our living habits.

**Ⅺ. 综合填空（每小题1分，共10分）**

阅读短文，从方框中选择恰当的词并用其适当形式填空，使短文完整、通顺。每词限用一次。

|  |
| --- |
| plant, die, hot, they, water, but, happen, possible, hundred, find |

No one can be sure what the weather is going to be like in the future, but many people think there are going to be some changes (变化).

Scientists say that in many places it’s going to be much (76)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and it’s going to rain less. Some countries in Africa are going to become very dry all year, and it’s going to be almost (77)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for people to find food and water. In Southern Europe and the United States, it’s going to be more difficult for (78)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to grow. People there are also going to have problems (79)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ food in the future.

No one knows how much the temperature (气温) is going to go up, (80)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ scientists say that the change is going to be at least 2℃. They say that the ice in the Arctic (北极) is going to melt (融化) in the next (81)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ years and a lot of the animals there are going to (82)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. There is also going to be more (83)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the sea, so cities near the sea are going to disappear (消失).

Another problem is that there are going to be more hurricanes and typhoons (飓风和台风). Scientists say they are going to (84)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all over the world, and many people are going to lose (85)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ homes.

**Ⅻ. 书面表达（15分）**

假如本周你班的英语板报主题是“科技 (technology) 对未来生活的影响”，你对此很感兴趣，请你发挥想象，大胆预测，用1-2个例子说明科技对未来生活的改变。

**要求**：1. 语言表达要准确，语意要通顺、连贯；2. 词数不少于100；短文的开头已给出，不计入总词数。

I think life in the future will be different and technology will play an important role in our lives.

**◆  附加题（共10 分）**

A long time ago, people were very different from the way we are now. For example, if you find a really old house somewhere, you’ll see that the doors are usually much lower (较低的) than they are today. Why? (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Over time, the human body has changed a lot.

(2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ That’s for sure. And the main reason is that we have more and more technology, and it is changing how we live. Here are some possible changes.

(3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Most of us now have much better food than people in the past, so we grow more.

Our muscles (肌肉) will not be as strong as now, because we won’t do a lot of physical work.

We are already using our feet less, and our hands more (think about computers). (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ At the same time, our fingers (手指) will get longer. And our fingers and our eyes will both get better, because they’ll have to do more work together.

(5)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ It’ll get smaller, because we needn’t talk so much with the help of technology.

根据材料内容，从方框中选择合适的句子填入文中空缺处，使材料完整、通顺。

|  |
| --- |
| A. What about the mouth?  B. In the future, people will probably be even taller.  C. Because hundreds of years ago, people were shorter.  D. Can we expect the human body to keep changing in the future?  E. So we can expect that our legs will get shorter and our feet smaller. |

**参考答案:**

听力 (略)

Ⅴ. 21-25 DBACA              26-30 BDCCD             31-35 CACBB

Ⅵ. 36-40 ACCAD              41-45 ACDCB

Ⅶ. 46-50 GACFD

Ⅷ. 51-55 DDBBA              56-60 BCDAB

Ⅸ. 61. words         62. sea        63. disagrees             64. already   65. building

66. possible     67. peace     68. even 69. sides       70. inside

Ⅹ. 71. play a part / role in

72. over and over again

73. moved to

74. live to be

75. save the earth

Ⅺ. 76. hotter          77. impossible         78. plants       79. finding  80. but

81. hundred      82. die                  83. water  84. happen          85. their

Ⅻ. **One possible version:**

I think life in the future will be different and technology will play an important role in our lives. For example, every family will have a robot. Robots will do lots of work for us. They will care for babies and young children and they can also drive people anywhere. There will be robot doctors. They can help find out our physical problems so we don’t have to wait in long lines for the doctors. For these reasons, I think robots will be more and more important.

What’s more, students will have lessons online every day in the future. As a result, they won’t go to school anymore. Their parents will also be able to work from home. There will be no televisions and everyone will watch the news or other programs online.

All in all, I think life will be much easier and better in the future.

**附加题**

1-5 CDBEA